# CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

1. Project Number(s)/Environmental Log Number/Title:

TPM 20985, Log No. 05-01-006/Hobbs

- Lead agency name and address:
   County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use
   5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B,
   San Diego, CA 92123-1666
- 3. a. Contact Kristina Jeffers, Land Use/Environmental Planner
  - b. Phone number: (858) 694-2604
  - c. E-mail: kristina.jeffers@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

4932 San Jacinto Circle Fallbrook, CA 92028

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 6, Grid B/5

5. Project sponsor's name and address:

Brian Hobbs 4932 San Jacinto Circle Fallbrook, CA 92028

6. General Plan Designation

Community Plan: Fallbrook

Land Use Designation: (17) Estate Residential Density: 1 du/2 or 4 acre(s)

	\ Initial Study 20985, Log No. 05-01-00	- 2 - 06		January 10, 2008
7.	Zoning Use Regulation: Density: Special Area Regulatio	A70 0.5 du/ac n:	re	
8.	The proposed project is and 2.29 acres, respect lot. Proposed development northern lot with gradin	tively. An existing rement will include a ne	esidence will remai ew single-family re	n on the southern sidence on the
	The property was previous April 27, 1993. TPM 194.6 gross acres respected to the previous property was previous acres and the previous acres and the previous acres are previous acres and the previous acres acres are previous acres and the previous acres acres are previous acres acr	9996 divided a 6.59-a tively. A steep slope	acre parcel into two e easement was pla	o parcels of 2.0 and aced over the
9.	Surrounding land uses	and setting:		
	The properties surround agricultural uses. The stallbrook.			
10.	Other public agencies vapproval, or participation	• •	quired (e.g., permi	ts, financing
	Permit Type/Action Tentative Parcel Map County Right-of-Way I Grading Permit Septic Tank Permit Water District Approval		Agency County of San Die County of San Die County of San Die County of San Die Rainbow Municipa North County Fire	ego ego ego al Water District
factors one in	RONMENTAL FACTOR s checked below would I npact that is a "Potential tion Incorporated," as in	oe potentially affecte ly Significant Impact	d by this project and or a "Less Than S	nd involve at least Significant With
	esthetics	Agriculture Resou	urcos $\square$ Air (	Quality
	ological Resources	Cultural Resource		ology & Soils
$\overline{}$	azards & Haz. Materials	Hydrology & Water		d Use & Planning
	neral Resources	Noise Noise	_	ulation & Housing
☐ <u>Pu</u>	ıblic Services	Recreation	☑ <sub>Tran</sub>	nsportation/Traffic
□ <u>Ut</u>	ilities & Service Systems	Mandatory Findin	gs of Significance	

<b>DETERMINATION:</b> (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation:			
	On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.		
	On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.		
	On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.		
		January 10, 2008	
Signa	ature	Date	
Kristina Jeffers Land Use/Environmental Planner			
Printed Name		Title	

## - 4 -

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, potentially significant unless mitigation incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Potential Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant With Mitigation

**No Impact:** State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated. A scenic highway is officially designated as a State scenic highway when the local jurisdiction adopts a scenic corridor protection program, applies to the California Department of Transportation for scenic highway approval, and receives notification from Caltrans that the highway has been designated as an official Scenic Highway. Based on a site visit completed by Greg Krzys on January 6, 2006, the proposed project is not located near or visible within the same composite viewshed as a State scenic highway and will not change the visual composition of an existing scenic resource within a State scenic highway. Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The project site is a north facing slope with an existing residence and avocado grove southwest of Fallbrook, California. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

the southern lot. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's visual character and quality for the following reasons: the existing and proposed residential development and avocado grove represent the exact uses occurring on all adjacent properties within the viewshed of the project site.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on visual character or quality because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the viewshed surrounding the project and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: the existing and proposed uses are identical to the existing uses on adjacent properties within the project site's viewshed. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on visual character or quality on-site or in the surrounding area.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light day or nighttime views in the area?	or gla	re, which would adversely affect
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

- 7 -

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project proposes a minor residential subdivision, which may include outdoor lighting. Any future outdoor lighting pursuant to this project shall be required to meet the requirements of the County of San Diego Zoning Ordinance (Section 6322-6326) and the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115).

The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code ensures that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level

II. AGRICULTURE RESOURCES -- In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. Would the project:

,	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farml Importance Farmland), as shown on the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Prog to non-agricultural use?	maps	s prepared pursuant to the
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project site has land designated as unique farmland but was determined not to have significant adverse project or cumulative level impacts related to the conversion of Unique Farmland to a non-agricultural use for the following reasons: the amount of agricultural land is less than two acres and does not represent a commercially viable agricultural site. In addition, the surrounding land is residentially developed. Therefore, no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance or

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Farmla projec	and of Local Importance to a non-agricult t.	ural u	se will occur as a result of this
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultu	ıral us	e, or a Williamson Act contract?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
be an zoning	Than Significant Impact: The project si agricultural zone. However, the propose of for agricultural use, because residential and will not create a conflict with existing	d proj devel	ect will not result in a conflict in opment is a permitted use in A70
c)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location of nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?		

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant With Mitigation

Less Than Significant Impact: The project site and surrounding area within radius of 1 mile have land designated as unique farmland. Project development was determined not to have significant adverse impacts related to the conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance or Farmland of Local Importance to a non-agricultural use for the following reasons: the amount of agricultural land is less than two acres and does not represent a commercially viable agricultural site. In addition, the surrounding land is residentially developed. Therefore, no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, or Farmland of Local Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

**III. AIR QUALITY** -- Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the San Diego Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP)?

CEQA Initial TPM 20985,	Study Log No. 05-01-006	- 9 -	January 10, 2008
☐ Less	entially Significant Impact s than Significant With Mitigat orporated	ion	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/E	Explanation:		
Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes development that was anticipated in SANDAG growth projections used in development of the RAQS and SIP. Operation of the project will not result in emissions of significant quantities of criteria pollutants listed in the California Ambient Air Quality Standards or toxic air contaminants as identified by the California Air Resources Board. As such, the proposed project is not expected to conflict with either the RAQS or the SIP. In addition, the project is consistent the SANDAG growth projections used in the RAQS and SIP, therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact.			
,	e any air quality standard or coted air quality violation?	contribute	substantially to an existing or
Less	entially Significant Impact s than Significant With Mitigat prporated	ion	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/E	Explanation:		

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) has established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. For CEQA purposes, these screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the CEQA Air Quality Handbook for the South Coast Air Basin (SCAB), which has stricter standards for emissions of ROCs/VOCs than San Diego's, is appropriate. However, the eastern portions of the county have atmospheric conditions that are characteristic of the Southeast Desert Air Basin (SEDAB). SEDAB is not classified as an extreme non-attainment area for ozone and therefore has a less restrictive screening-level. Projects located in the eastern portions of the County can use the SEDAB screening-level threshold for VOCs.

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project proposes a two lot minor subdivision or residential development. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which

requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 12 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

с)	esult in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria poli- nich the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federa nbient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exc lantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?		der an applicable federal or state ng emissions which exceed
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

#### Discussion/Explanation:

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM<sub>10</sub>) under the CAAQS. O<sub>3</sub> is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM<sub>10</sub> in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Less Than Significant Impact: Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM<sub>10</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> and VOCs from construction/grading activities, and VOCs as the result of increase of traffic from operations at the facility. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in PM<sub>10</sub> and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 12 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air

Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for VOCs and PM<sub>10</sub>.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM10, or any O<sub>3</sub> precursors.

d) E	Expose sensitive receptors to substantia	ıl pollu	itant concentrations?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Grade),	lity regulators typically define sensitive re hospitals, resident care facilities, or day ndividuals with health conditions that wo uality.	y-care	centers, or other facilities that may
<b>No Impact:</b> Based a site visit conducted by Greg Krzys on January 6, 2006, sensitive receptors have not been identified within a quarter-mile (the radius determined by the SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typically significant) of the proposed project. Furthermore, no point-source emissions of air pollutants (other than vehicle emissions) are associated with the project. As such, the project will not expose sensitive populations to excessive levels of air pollutants.			
e) (	Create objectionable odors affecting a su	ubstar	ntial number of people?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		

**No Impact:** No potential sources of objectionable odors have been identified in association with the proposed project. As such, no impact from odors is anticipated.

### **IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES** -- Would the project:

a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either on any species identified as a candidate local or regional plans, policies, or regularish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife	e, sens ations	sitive, or special status species in , or by the California Department of
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
<b>No Impact:</b> Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, site photos, and a site visit by Greg Krzys on January 6, 2006, it has been determined that the site has been completely disturbed and contains no native vegetation or habitats. Therefore, no species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service would be expected to occur on-site.			
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on an natural community identified in local or r the California Department of Fish and G	egion	al plans, policies, regulations or by
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** County staff biologist Greg Krzys has conducted a site visit on January 6, 2006 and determined that the proposed project site does not contain any riparian habitats or other sensitive natural communities as defined by the County of San Diego Resource Protection Ordinance, Natural Community Conservation Plan, Fish and Game Code, Endangered Species Act, Clean Water Act, or any other local or regional plans, policies or regulations. In addition, no riparian or otherwise sensitive habitat has been identified within or adjacent to the area proposed for off-site impacts resulting from road improvements, utility extensions, etc. Therefore, the project is not expected to have direct or indirect impacts from development on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community.

c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?

	Initial Study 0985, Log No. 05-01-006	13 -	January 10, 2008
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation	on 🗹	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
<b>No Impact:</b> County staff biologist Greg Krzys has conducted a site visit on January 6, 2006 and determined that the proposed project site does not contain any wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, stream, lake, river or water of the U.S., that could potentially be impacted through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, diversion or obstruction by the proposed development. Therefore, no impacts will occur to wetlands defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act in which the Army Corps of Engineers maintains jurisdiction over.			
	Interfere substantially with the mover or wildlife species or with established corridors, or impede the use of native	d native r	esident or migratory wildlife
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation	on 🗹	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
<b>No Impact:</b> Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, site photos, and a site visit by Greg Krzys on January 6, 2006, it has determined that the site has been completely disturbed and contains no native vegetation or habitats. Therefore, impedance of the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, or established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impedance of the use of native wildlife nursery sites would not be expected as a result of the proposed project.			
, (	Conflict with the provisions of any ad Communities Conservation Plan, oth conservation plan or any other local resources?	ner appro	ved local, regional or state habitat
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation	on 🔽	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		

Refer to the attached Ordinance Compliance Checklist dated September 10, 2007 for further information on consistency with any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan, including, Habitat Management Plans (HMP) Special Area Management Plans (SAMP) or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources including the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO), Habitat Loss Permit (HLP).

<ul> <li>V. CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:</li> <li>a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in 15064.5?</li> </ul>			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
<b>No Impact:</b> Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright on January 24, 2006, it has been determined that the project site does not contain any historical resources.			
,	Cause a substantial adverse change in resource pursuant to 15064.5?	the siç	gnificance of an archaeological
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright on January 24, 2006, it has been determined that the project site does not contain any archaeological resources. The proposed Parcel 2 (southern portion) contains a single-family residence and avocado orchard; that portion of the lot will not be graded except for the driveway along the western boundary. The central portion of the project area consists of steep slope open space easement and will not be disturbed. The northern parcel will be graded for a single-family residence and currently consists of an avocado orchard. Although there are archaeological resources to the north and east of the project, and the project area has not been previously surveyed, the steep slopes and disturbance from the avocado orchard indicates a low probability

TPM 20985, Log No. 05-01-006		
of cultural resources within the project area; therefore, no field survey or mitigation will be required for cultural resources.		
c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique geologic feature?	paleontological resource or site or unique	
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less than Significant With Mitigation</li><li>Incorporated</li></ul>	Less than Significant Impact  No Impact	
Discussion/Explanation:		
<b>No Impact:</b> Unique Paleontological Resources - A review of the paleontological maps provided by the San Diego Museum of Natural History indicates that the project is located entirely on plutonic igneous rock and has no potential for producing fossil remains.		
Unique Geologic Features – The site does not contain any unique geologic features that have been catalogued within the Conservation Element (Part X) of the County's General Plan. Additionally, based on a site visit by Greg Krzys on January 6, 2006, no known unique geologic features were identified on the property or in the immediate vicinity.		
d) Disturb any human remains, including cemeteries?	g those interred outside of formal	
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li></ul>	Less than Significant Impact  No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright on January 24, 2006, it has been determined that the project will not disturb any human remains because the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains.

#### VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS -- Would the project:

- a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:
  - i. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.

	nitial Study - 16 1985, Log No. 05-01-006	-	January 10, 2008	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
Alquist- Fault-R conclud present	Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Spatter Hazards Zones in California. A led that no other substantial evidence within the project site. Therefore, there or structures to adverse effects from a	pecial I Iso, sta of rece e will b	Publication 42, Revised 1997, aff has reviewed the project and has nt (Holocene) fault activity is be no impact from the exposure of	
ii	i. Strong seismic ground shaking?			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The Uniform Building Code (UBC) and the California Building Code (CBC) classifies all San Diego County with the highest seismic zone criteria, Zone 4. However, the project is not located within 5 kilometers of the centerline of a known active-fault zone as defined within the Uniform Building Code's Maps of Known Active Fault Near-Source Zones in California. In addition, the project will have to conform to the Seismic Requirements Chapter 16 Section 162- <i>Earthquake Design</i> as outlined within the California Building Code. Section 162 requires a soils compaction report with proposed foundation recommendations to be approved by a County Structural Engineer before the issuance of a building or grading permit. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from strong seismic ground shaking as a result of this project.				
ii	ii. Seismic-related ground failure, in	ncludin	g liquefaction?	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact	
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			

**No Impact:** The geology of the project site is identified as cretaceous plutonic. This geologic environment is not susceptible to ground failure from seismic activity. In addition, the site is not underlain by poor artificial fill or located within a floodplain. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people to adverse effects from a known area susceptible to ground failure.

	iv. Landslides?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Discus	sion/Explanation:					
determ located	<b>No Impact:</b> The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Staff has determined that the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity.					
b)	b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	<ul><li>✓</li><li></li></ul>	Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as Cieneba coarse sandy loam that has a soil erodibility rating of severe as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil for the following reasons:

- The project will not result in unprotected erodible soils; will not alter existing drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes.
- The project has prepared a Storm water Management Plan dated December 9, 2005, prepared by Hadley Johnson. The plan includes the following Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site: Silt fence, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, and paving and grinding operations.

c)

 The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

Will the project produce unstable geological conditions that will result in adverse

	mpacts resulting from landslides, lateral collapse?	sprea	ading, subsidence, liquefaction or	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The project is not located on or near geological formations that are unstable or would potentially become unstable as a result of the project. On a site visit conducted by Greg Krzys on January 6, 2006, no geological formations or features were noted that would produce unstable geological conditions as a result of the project. For further information refer to VI Geology and Soils, Question a., i-iv listed above.				
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project does not contain expansive soils as defined by Table 18-I-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994). The soils on-site are cieneba coarse sandy loam. These soils have a shrink-swell behavior of low and represent no substantial risks to life or property. Therefore, the project will not create a substantial risk to life or property. This was confirmed by staff review of the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973.

,	Have soils incapable of adequately suplaternative wastewater disposal systemations of wastewater?	•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to on-site wastewater systems (OSWS), also known as septic systems. The project involves a two lot subdivision with an existing single family residence and a proposed single family residence with development located on San Jacinto West in the Fallbrook Community Planning Area. Discharged wastewater must conform to the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) applicable standards, including the Regional Basin Plan and the California Water Code. California Water Code Section 13282 allows RWQCBs to authorize a local public agency to issue permits for OSWS "to ensure that systems are adequately designed, located, sized, spaced, constructed and maintained." The RWQCBs with jurisdiction over San Diego County have authorized the County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health (DEH) to issue certain OSWS permits throughout the County and within the incorporated cities. DEH has reviewed the OSWS lay-out for the project pursuant to DEH, Land and Water Quality Division's, "On-site Wastewater Systems: Permitting Process and Design Criteria." DEH approved the project's OSWS on October 26, 2005. Therefore, the project has soils capable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems as determined by the authorized, local public agency. In addition, the project will comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 6, Div. 8, Chap. 3, Septic Tanks and Seepage Pits.

#### VII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS -- Would the project:

a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, storage, use, or disposal of hazardous materials or wastes?

	Initial Study 20985, Log No. 05-01-006	- 20 -		January 10, 2008
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
enviro dispos	<b>pact:</b> The project will not create a nment because it does not propostal of Hazardous Substances, nor atly in use in the immediate vicinity.	e the s are Ha	torag	e, use, transport, emission, or
b)	Create a significant hazard to the foreseeable upset and accident comaterials into the environment?	•		e environment through reasonably volving the release of hazardous
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
chemi	<b>pact:</b> The project will not contain, cals or compounds that would prese of hazardous substances.			store any potential sources of icant risk of accidental explosion or
c)				us or acutely hazardous materials, of an existing or proposed school?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
propos	<b>pact:</b> The project is not located w sed school. Therefore, the project sed school.			
d)	Be located on a site which is inclu compiled pursuant to Government it create a significant hazard to the	t Code	Sect	ion 65962.5 and, as a result, would

	- 21 985, Log No. 05-01-006	-	January 10, 2008
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Hazard	<b>eact:</b> The project is not located on a si ous Waste and Substances sites list of 65962.5.		
r t	For a project located within an airport land to been adopted, within two miles of a he project result in a safety hazard for area?	public	airport or public use airport, would
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Plan (C not proposition constituted Therefore	pact: The proposed project is not locate LUP) for airports; or within two miles of cose construction of any structure equating a safety hazard to aircraft and/or expression, the project will not constitute a safe roject area.	of a pub al to or operation	lic airport. Also, the project does greater than 150 feet in height, ons from an airport or heliport.
,	For a project within the vicinity of a priver safety hazard for people residing or wo		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
•	<b>act:</b> The proposed project is not within he project will not constitute a safety harea		·

Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?

g)

nitial Study 1985, Log No. 05-01-006	- 22 -	January 10, 2008
Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	tion	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a framework document that provides direction to local jurisdictions to develop specific operational area of San Diego County. It provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established.

ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

#### **Less Than Significant Impact:**

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

**No Impact:** The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

**No Impact:** The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is located outside a dam inundation zone.

h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
Less than Significant Impact: The proposed project is completely surrounded by urbanized areas, and/or irrigated lands and there are no adjacent wildland areas. Also, a Fire Service Availability Letter and conditions, dated November 3, 2005, have been received from the North County Fire Protection District. The conditions from the North County Fire Protection District include: 100-feet of fire clearing and maintaining fire clearing on-site. Therefore, based on the location of the project; review of the project by County staff; and through compliance with the North County Fire Protection District's conditions, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving hazardous wildland fires.				
i) Propose a use, or place residents adjacent to an existing or reasonably foreseeable use that would substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies, which are capable of transmitting significant public health diseases or nuisances?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project does not involve or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit conducted by Greg Krzys on January 6, 2006, there are none of these uses on adjacent properties. Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.

#### **VIII. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY** -- Would the project:

a) Violate any waste discharge requirements?

CEQA Initial Study TPM 20985, Log No. 05-01-006	- 24 -		January 10, 200
Potentially Significant Impa Less than Significant With I Incorporated			Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:			
No Impact: The project does not produce the discharge requirement permits, NPE San Diego Regional Water Quality (does not propose any known source require special site design considers (BMPs) or treatment control BMPs, (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01).	DES permit Control Boa es of pollute ations, soul under the S	s, or ward (SI ed rund rce col San Di	vater quality certification from the DRWQCB). In addition, the project off or land use activities that would ntrol Best Management Practices iego Municipal Storm Water Permit
,	? If so, cou	uld the	water body, as listed on the Clean e project result in an increase in any mpaired?
☐ Potentially Significant Impa ☐ Less than Significant With Incorporated			Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:			
Less Than Significant Impact: Th	ne project lie	es in tl	he 903.12 hydrologic subarea,

Less Than Significant Impact: The project lies in the 903.12 hydrologic subarea, within the San Luis Rey hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, July 2003, although the mouth of the San Luis Rey impaired for coliform bacteria, no portion of the San Luis Rey River, which is tributary to the Pacific Ocean, is impaired. Constituents of concern in the San Luis Rey River watershed include coliform bacteria, nitrate, sediment, and pesticides.

The project proposes the following activities that are associated with these pollutants: soil disturbance, asphalt paving, slurry mixing, temporary storage of construction materials, and trash. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters: silt fence, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, and paving and grinding operations.

The proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result the project will not contribute to a cumulative

impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and San Diego Unified Port District includes the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to receive permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these regulations establish standards for projects to follow which intend to improve water quality from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County. Each project subject to WPO is required to prepare a Storm water Management Plan that details a project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

c)	Could the proposed project cause or co surface or groundwater receiving water beneficial uses?	• •
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in the 903.12 hydrologic subarea, within the San Luis Rey hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply; industrial service supply; freshwater replenishment; hydropower generation; contact water recreation; non-

contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; marine habitat; migration of aquatic organisms; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: soil disturbance, asphalt paving, slurry mixing, temporary storage of construction materials, and trash. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses: Silt fence, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, and paving and grinding operations.

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

d)	Substantially deplete groundwater supp groundwater recharge such that there we a lowering of the local groundwater table existing nearby wells would drop to a le- uses or planned uses for which permits	vould l e leve vel wh	be a net deficit in aquifer volume or l (e.g., the production rate of pre- nich would not support existing land
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project will obtain its water supply from the Rainbow Municipal Water District that obtains water from surface reservoirs or other imported water source. The project will not use any groundwater for any purpose, including irrigation, domestic or commercial demands. In addition, the project does not involve operations that would interfere substantially with groundwater recharge including, but not limited to the following: the project does not involve regional diversion of water to another groundwater basin; or diversion or channelization of a stream course or waterway with impervious layers, such as concrete lining or culverts, for substantial distances (e.g. ¼ mile). These activities and operations can substantially affect rates of groundwater recharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater resources is anticipated.

e)	e) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?					
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact			
	Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact			
Discus	ssion/Explanation:					
outline prepar design polluta practic will correquire Composimplen Progra SWMF address from o swales proposing signific pattern sedime contrib	Than Significant Impact: The project product of in the Storm water Management Plant and by William Karn Surveying, Inc., the project control of the San Bedimentation and satisfied by the Land-Use Planning for New Deconent of the San Diego Municipal Permit mented by the San Diego County Jurisdiction (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Projections and describes the implementation of sequipment operation and materials materials and prevent sedimentation in an accurring, and prevent sedimentation in an accurring, and prevent of Public Works will exact the site of these factors, it has been for cantly increased erosion or sedimentation as of the site or area on- or off-site. In acceptable in the controlled within the boundard of VI., Geology and Soils, Question b.	(SWM roject nent consiltation rass swelopm (SDR' water ation panager ny onensure und than poten ddition adaries	P) dated May 26, 2006 and will implement the following site ontrol BMPs to reduce potential in, to the maximum extent wale, rip-raps. These measures ste discharge requirements as ment and Redevelopment WQCB Order No. 2001-01), as Urban Runoff Management Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The rocess of all BMP's that will ment, prevent the erosion process site and downstream drainage that the Plan is implemented as at the project will not result in intial and will not alter any drainage, because erosion and sof the project, the project will not			
f)	Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a the rate or amount of surface runoff in a on- or off-site?	strean	n or river, or substantially increase			
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact			
	Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact			
Discus	ssion/Explanation:					

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The proposed project will not significantly alter established drainage patterns or significantly increase the amount of runoff for the following reasons, based on a Drainage Study prepared by William Karn Surveying, Inc on March 5, 2007:

a. Drainage will be conveyed to either natural drainage channels or approved drainage facilities.

Therefore, the project will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding onor off-site. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable alteration or a drainage pattern or increase in the rate or amount of runoff, because the project will substantially increase water surface elevation or runoff exiting the site, as detailed above.

g)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
<b>Less Than Significant Impact:</b> The project does not propose to create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems.			
h) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: soil disturbance, asphalt paving, slurry mixing, temporary storage of construction materials, and trash. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in runoff to the maximum extent practicable: Silt fence, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, and paving and

	ng operations. Refer to VIII Hydrology ar information.	nd Wa	ter Quality Questions a, b, c, for	
i)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map, including County Floodplain Maps?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> No FEMA mapped floodplains, County-mapped floodplains or drainages with a watershed greater than 25 acres were identified on the project site or off-site improvement locations; therefore, no impact will occur.				
j)	j) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	
Discussion/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact:</b> No 100-year flood hazard areas were identified on the project site or off-site improvement locations; therefore, no impact will occur.				
k)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?			

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

**No Impact:** The project site lies outside any identified special flood hazard area including a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.

 $\square$ 

No Impact

Less than Significant Impact

I) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?

☐ Potentially Significant Impact

Less than Significant With Mitigation

	Initial Study - 0985, Log No. 05-01-006	- 30 -		January 10, 2008
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigati Incorporated	ion		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
i. \$	SEICHE			
	<b>pact:</b> The project site is not located re, could not be inundated by a seion		g the	shoreline of a lake or reservoir;
ii.	TSUNAMI			
	<b>pact:</b> The project site is located months of a tsunami, would not be inundate		an a n	nile from the coast; therefore, in the
iii. I	MUDFLOW			
<b>No Impact:</b> Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, staff has determined that the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. In addition, though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.				
<ul><li>IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING Would the project:</li><li>a) Physically divide an established community?</li></ul>				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigati Incorporated	ion	$\Box$	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			

b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?

**No Impact:** The project does not propose the introducing new infrastructure such major roadways or water supply systems, or utilities to the area. Therefore, the proposed

project will not significantly disrupt or divide the established community.

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project site is zoned A70, which is not considered to be an Extractive Use Zone (S82) nor does it have an Impact Sensitive Land Use Designation (24) with an Extractive Land Use Overlay (25) (County Land Use Element, 2000).

#### **XI. NOISE** -- Would the project result in:

a)	<ul> <li>Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?</li> </ul>			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is two-lot residential subdivision and will be occupied by single-family residences. Based on a site visit completed by Greg Krzys on January 6, 2006, the surrounding area supports residential development and is occupied by *Homo sapiens*. The project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reasons:

#### General Plan – Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may expose noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where quiet is an important attribute. Project implementation is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to road, airport, heliport, railroad, industrial or other noise in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). This is based on staff's review of projected County noise contour maps (CNEL 60 dB(A) contours). Therefore, the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element.

#### Noise Ordinance – Section 36-404

Non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404) at or beyond the project's property line. The site is zoned A70 that has a one-hour average sound limit of 47.5 dba. The adjacent properties are zoned A70 and have one-hour average sound limit of 47.5 dba. Based on review by staff, the project's noise levels are not anticipated to impact adjoining properties or exceed County Noise Standards, which is

47.5 dba, because the project does not involve any noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line.

Noise Ordinance - Section 36-410

The project will not generate construction noise that may exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410). Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, It is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75dB between the hours of 7 AM and 7 PM.

Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b) and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes residential development where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation and/or sleeping conditions. However, the proposed single-family residence is setback 200 feet from any public road or transit Right-of-Way with projected noise contours of 65 dB or more; any property line for parcels zoned industrial or extractive use; or any permitted extractive uses. A setback of 200 feet ensures that the operations do not have any chance of being impacted by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels (Harris, Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment* 1995). In addition, the setback ensures that the project will not be affected by any past, present or future projects that may support sources of groundborne vibration or groundborne noise.

Also, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels and impact vibration sensitive uses in the surrounding area.

Therefore, the project will not expose persons to or generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on a project or cumulative level.

c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
		$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact	
	Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves the following permanent noise sources that may increase the ambient noise level: vehicles, children, pets, audio equipment, etc. As indicated in the response listed under Section XI Noise, Question a., the project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels based on review of the project by County staff.  The project will not result in cumulatively noise impacts because a list of past, present and future projects within in the vicinity were evaluated. It was determined that the project in combination with a list of past, present and future project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.				
,	A substantial temporary or periodic increvicinity above levels existing without the			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project does not involve any uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity including but not limited to extractive industry; outdoor commercial or industrial uses that involve crushing, cutting, drilling, grinding, or blasting of raw materials; truck depots, transfer stations or delivery areas; or outdoor sound systems.

Also, general construction noise is not expected to exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410), which are derived from State regulations to address human health and quality of life concerns. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of 75 dB for more than an 8 hours during a 24-hour period. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.

e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact	
Ш	Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project is not located within a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) for airports or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport. Therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.				
f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project is not located within a one-mile vicinity of a private airstrip; therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project				

area to excessive airport-related noise levels.

#### XII. POPULATION AND HOUSING -- Would the project:

a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?

	nitial Study 985, Log No. 05-01-006	- 36 -		January 10, 2008	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigat Incorporated	ion		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	ion/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project will not induce substantial population growth in an area because the project does not propose any physical or regulatory change that would remove a restriction to or encourage population growth in an area including, but limited to the following: new or extended infrastructure or public facilities; new commercial or industrial facilities; large-scale residential development; accelerated conversion of homes to commercial or multi-family use; or regulatory changes including General Plan amendments, specific plan amendments, zone reclassifications, sewer or water annexations; or LAFCO annexation actions.					
,	Displace substantial numbers of ex of replacement housing elsewhere?	_	hous	ing, necessitating the construction	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigat Incorporated	ion		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	Discussion/Explanation:				
Less Than Significant Impact: The property currently has one single family residence, which is to remain. This residential development would not displace any amount of existing housing. Potentially a total of two single-family dwellings will exist when the lots are developed.					
c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigat Incorporated	ion		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discussion/Explanation:					
Less Than Significant Impact: The property currently has one single family residence, which is to remain. This residential development would not displace any amount of existing housing. Potentially a total of two single-family dwellings will exist when the lots are developed. Therefore, the proposed project will not displace a substantial number of people.					

XIII. P	III. PUBLIC SERVICES		
1   	Would the project result in substantial active provision of new or physically altered physically altered governmental facilities significant environmental impacts, in orcresponse times or other performance seperformance objectives for any of the pure sequence.	d gove s, the d der to d ervice	ernmental facilities, need for new or construction of which could cause maintain acceptable service ratios, ratios, response times or other
i i	<ul><li>i. Fire protection?</li><li>ii. Police protection?</li><li>iii. Schools?</li><li>iv. Parks?</li><li>v. Other public facilities?</li></ul>		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
propositions Services available Protect District govern facilities times of Therefore because	pact: Based on the service availability for ed project will not result in the need for see availability forms have been provided value to the project from the following agention District, Fallbrook Union School District, The project does not involve the construental facilities including but not limited so, schools, or parks in order to maintain or other performance service ratios or observe, the project will not have an adverse see the project does not require new or significant.	significe which cies/destrict, a truction to fire accepactive physi	cantly altered services or facilities. indicate existing services are istricts: North County Fire and the Rainbow Municipal Water of new or physically altered protection facilities, sheriff otable service ratios, response as for any public services. cal effect on the environment
a) '	ECREATION  Would the project increase the use of exor other recreational facilities such that stacility would occur or be accelerated?	_	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project involves a residential subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning. and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. The proposed project opted to pay park fees. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts, including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

There is an existing surplus of County Regional Parks. Currently, there is over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which far exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive surplus of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result any cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant surplus of regional recreational facilities will remain.

b)	Does the project include recreational face expansion of recreational facilities, whice on the environment?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, the construction or expansion of recreational facilities cannot have an adverse physical effect on the environment.

January 10, 2008

<u>XV.                                    </u>	<u>TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC</u>	Wo	uld the	project:

a)	Cause an increase in traffic which is sub load and capacity of the street system (in either the number of vehicle trips, the vo congestion at intersections)?	.e., res	sult in a substantial increase in
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
ADT. substaconge The properate SAND than fithresh projectonsic	Than Significant Impact: The proposed The project was reviewed by DPW staff antial increase in the number of vehicle treation at intersections in relation to existing roposed project generates 12 additional trolds (Table 1) 100 ADT on a road operating at LOS E there would be no direct im AG's estimate for AM and PM peak hour verpeak hour trips and will not exceed the old - especially when the trips are distributed to the work of the substantial in relation to existing train. Also refer to the answer for XV. b. below.	and waips, vog conditions. (c) ing at a pacts a trips, e five a trips at a tr	as determined not to result in a plume of capacity ratio on roads, or ditions for the following reasons: Given the County's traffic LOS F and 200 ADT on a road to a road segment. Using the project would generate less additional trips to a critical move in the road network. Therefore, the ton traffic volume, which is
b)	Exceed, either individually or cumulative established by the County congestion m by the County of San Diego Transportat roads or highways?	anage	ement agency and/or as identified
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: The proposed project will result in an additional 12 ADT. The project was reviewed by DPW staff and was determined not to exceed a level of service (LOS) standard at the direct project level for the following reasons: The proposed project generates 12 additional trips. Given the County's traffic thresholds (Table 1) 100 ADT on a road operating at LOS F and 200 ADT on a road operating at LOS E there would be no direct impacts to a road segment. Using SANDAG's estimate for AM and PM peak hour trips, the project would generate less than five peak hour trips and will not exceed the five additional trips to a critical

move threshold - especially when the trips are distributed on the road network. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project-level impact on the LOS standards established by the County congestion management agency for designated roads or highways.

However, the County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. This program is based on a summary of projections method contained in an adopted planning document, as referenced in the State CEQA Guidelines Section 15130 (b)(1)(B), which evaluates regional or area wide conditions contributing to cumulative transportation impacts. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, state, and federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

The proposed project generates 12 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the unincorporated county that were analyzed by the TIF program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of the program described above, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.

In order to mitigate its incremental contribution to significant cumulative traffic impacts, the proposed project will pay the TIF prior to obtaining building permits.

c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, levels or a change in location that result	<u> </u>
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

January 10, 2008

Discussion/Explanation:

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The proposed project is located outside of an Airport Master Plan Zone and is not adjacent to any public or private airports; therefore, the project will not result in a change in air traffic patterns.

d)		stantially increase hazards due to a des gerous intersections) or incompatible us	_	` • •
		Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Dis	scuss	sion/Explanation:		
saf dri Pu Sa pro inc pro	fety oveward blic \ n Die compose	han Significant Impact: The proposed on San Jacinto Circle. A safe and adequays and intersections to the satisfaction works. All road improvements will be contained by Public and Private Road Standards. Site are up to County standards. The practible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on extend project will not significantly increase that it is a significantly increase that is a significant that is a	uate sof the construction Road roposetisting	ite distance shall be required at all Director of the Department of cted according to the County of ds used to access the proposed ed project will not place roadways. Therefore, the
e)	F	Result in inadequate emergency access	?	
		Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Dis	scuss	sion/Explanation:		
pro pe	oject rmitte	<b>pact:</b> The proposed project will not results not served by a dead-end road that eled by the Consolidated Fire Code for the County; therefore, the project has adequate	xceed e 17 F	s the maximum cumulative length ire Protection Districts in San
f)	F	Result in inadequate parking capacity?		
		Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The Zoning Ordinance Section 6758 Parking Schedule requires two on-site parking spaces for each dwelling unit. The proposed lots have sufficient area to provide at least two on-site parking spaces consistent with the Zoning Ordinance.

• .	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycl		· · · · ·
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
for ped	<b>Than Significant Impact:</b> The project destrians or bicyclists. Any required impage conditions as it relates to pedestrians	rovem	ents will be constructed to maintain
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requiremed Quality Control Board?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to on-site wastewater systems (OSWS), also known as septic systems. The project involves one proposed septic system located on Parcel 1. Discharged wastewater must conform to the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) applicable standards, including the Regional Basin Plan and the California Water Code. California Water Code Section 13282 allows RWQCBs to authorize a local public agency to issue permits for OSWS "to ensure that systems are adequately designed, located, sized, spaced, constructed and maintained." The RWQCBs with jurisdiction over San Diego County have authorized the County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health (DEH) to issue certain OSWS permits throughout the County and within the incorporated cities. DEH has reviewed the OSWS lay-out for the project pursuant to DEH, Land and Water Quality Division's, "On-site Wastewater Systems: Permitting Process and Design Criteria." DEH approved the project's OSWS on October 26, 2005. Therefore, the project is consistent with the wastewater treatment requirements of the RWQCB as determined by the authorized, local public agency.

No Impact

Less than Significant With Mitigation

Incorporated

January 10, 2008

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project requires water service from the Rainbow Municipal Water District. A Service Availability Letter from the Rainbow Municipal Water District has been provided, indicating adequate water resources and entitlements are available to serve the requested water resources. Therefore, the project will have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project.

e)	Result in a determination by the wastew may serve the project that it has adequate projected demand in addition to the pro-	ate ca <sub>l</sub>	pacity to serve the project's
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
(sept	<b>npact:</b> The proposed project will rely cor c system); therefore, the project will not i der's service capacity.	•	•
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient pe project's solid waste disposal needs?	rmitte	d capacity to accommodate the
	<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li></ul>		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440 et seq.). There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity. Therefore, there is sufficient existing permitted solid waste capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.

g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?

	nitial Study 1985, Log No. 05-01-006	- 45 -		January 10, 2008
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ition		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
All solid In San I Enforce Californ Public F Title 27 deposit Federal XVII. M a) [	I waste facilities, including landfills Diego County, the County Departrement Agency issues solid waste fia Integrated Waste Management Resources Code (Sections 44001-, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter all solid waste at a permitted solid, State, and local statutes and regressions the project have the potential substantially reduce the habitat of wildlife population to drop below sections.	requinent of acility to Board 44018 er 4 (See a fish a fis	re soli f Envi permi d (CIW 8) and ection e facil ns rela NCE: egrade or wild taining reduce or elim	ts with concurrence from the VMB) under the authority of the California Code of Regulations a 21440et seq.). The project will ity and therefore, will comply with ated to solid waste.  If the quality of the environment, dlife species, cause a fish or g levels, threaten to eliminate a see the number or restrict the range innate important examples of the
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	·		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
potentia fish or v	vildlife species, cause a fish or wil	/ironm Idlife p	ent, s opula	ubstantially reduce the habitat of a

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. There is no substantial evidence that there are biological or cultural resources that are affected or associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past

CEQA Initial	Study	
TPM 20985,	Log No.	05-01-006

- 46 -

January 10, 2008

projects, the effects of other current proporojects)?	jects,	and the effects of probable future
Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PERMIT/MAP NUMBER
ZAP 03-087
ZAP 01-061
TPM 20729
TPM 20590
TPM 20646
TPM 20849
TPM 20718
S96-039
TPM 20516
TM 4976
P04-009
P03-023
TPM 20444
TPM 20851
TPM 20173

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant cumulative effects related to traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these cumulative effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes payment into the traffic impact fee (TIF) program. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c)	Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			
V	]	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

# Discussion/Explanation:

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects to human beings related to Transportation/Traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes the traffic impact fee (TIF) program. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

# XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to <a href="http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/">http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/</a>. For State regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>. For County regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>. All other references are available upon request.

Fire Protection Plan dated March 6, 2007, prepared by William Karn Surveying, Inc.

Drainage Study dated November 8, 2006, prepared by William Karn Surveying, Inc.

Storm Water Management Plan dated May 26, 2006, prepared by William Karn Surveying, Inc.

### **AESTHETICS**

California Street and Highways Code [California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/)

California Scenic Highway Program, California Streets and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/LandArch/scenic/scpr.htm)

County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. Sections 5200-5299; 5700-5799; 5900-5910, 6322-6326. ((www.co.san-diego.ca.us)

County of San Diego, Board Policy I-73: Hillside Development Policy. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)

County of San Diego, Board Policy I-104: Policy and Procedures for Preparation of Community Design Guidelines, Section 396.10 of the County Administrative Code and Section 5750 et seq. of the County Zoning Ordinance. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)

County of San Diego, General Plan, Scenic Highway Element VI and Scenic Highway Program. (ceres.ca.gov)

County of San Diego Light Pollution Code, Title 5, Division 9 (Sections 59.101-59.115 of the County Code of Regulatory Ordinances) as added by Ordinance No 6900, effective January 18, 1985, and amended July 17, 1986 by Ordinance No. 7155. (<a href="https://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>)

County of San Diego Wireless Communications Ordinance [San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances. (www.amlegal.com)

Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County. (Alpine, Bonsall, Fallbrook, Julian, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, Sweetwater, Valley Center).

# CEQA Initial Study TPM 20985, Log No. 05-01-006

- Federal Communications Commission, Telecommunications Act of 1996 [Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. LA. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996). (http://www.fcc.gov/Reports/tcom1996.txt)
- Institution of Lighting Engineers, Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Light Pollution, Warwickshire, UK, 2000 (http://www.dark-skies.org/ile-gd-e.htm)
- International Light Inc., Light Measurement Handbook, 1997. (www.intl-light.com)
- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Lighting Research Center, National Lighting Product Information Program (NLPIP), Lighting Answers, Volume 7, Issue 2, March 2003. (www.lrc.rpi.edu)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000, Urbanized Area Outline Map, San Diego, CA. (http://www.census.gov/geo/www/maps/ua2kmaps.htm)
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System. (www.blm.gov)
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.
- US Department of Transportation, National Highway System Act of 1995 [Title III, Section 304. Design Criteria for the National Highway System.

  (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/legsregs/nhsdatoc.html)

### **AGRICULTURE RESOURCES**

- California Department of Conservation, Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, "A Guide to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program," November 1994. (<a href="https://www.consrv.ca.gov">www.consrv.ca.gov</a>)
- California Department of Conservation, Office of Land Conversion, "California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model Instruction Manual," 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Farmland Conservancy Program, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Land Conservation (Williamson) Act, 1965. (www.ceres.ca.gov, www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Right to Farm Act, as amended 1996. (www.qp.gov.bc.ca)
- County of San Diego Agricultural Enterprises and Consumer Information Ordinance, 1994, Title 6, Division 3, Ch. 4. Sections 63.401-63.408. (<a href="https://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>)
- County of San Diego, Department of Agriculture, Weights and Measures, "2002 Crop Statistics and Annual Report," 2002. (<a href="www.sdcounty.ca.gov">www.sdcounty.ca.gov</a>)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System. (www.nrcs.usda.gov, www.swcs.org).
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

### **AIR QUALITY**

CEQA Air Quality Analysis Guidance Handbook, South Coast Air Quality Management District, Revised November 1993. (<a href="www.aqmd.gov">www.aqmd.gov</a>)

- County of San Diego Air Pollution Control District's Rules and Regulations, updated August 2003. (<a href="www.co.san-diego.ca.us">www.co.san-diego.ca.us</a>)
- Federal Clean Air Act US Code; Title 42; Chapter 85 Subchapter 1. (www4.law.cornell.edu)

#### **BIOLOGY**

- California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG). Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub Natural Community Conservation Planning Process Guidelines. CDFG and California Resources Agency, Sacramento, California. 1993. (www.dfg.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, An Ordinance Amending the San Diego County Code to Establish a Process for Issuance of the Coastal Sage Scrub Habitat Loss Permits and Declaring the Urgency Thereof to Take Effect Immediately, Ordinance No. 8365. 1994, Title 8, Div 6, Ch. 1. Sections 86.101-86.105, 87.202.2. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Ord. Nos. 8845, 9246, 1998 (new series). (www.co.sandiego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Implementing Agreement by and between United States Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Game and County of San Diego. County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, 1998.
- County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, County of San Diego Subarea Plan, 1997.
- Holland, R.R. Preliminary Descriptions of the Terrestrial Natural Communities of California. State of California, Resources Agency, Department of Fish and Game, Sacramento, California, 1986.
- Memorandum of Understanding [Agreement Between United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG), California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF), San Diego County Fire Chief's Association and the Fire District's Association of San Diego County.
- Stanislaus Audubon Society, Inc. v County of Stanislaus (5<sup>th</sup> Dist. 1995) 33 Cal.App.4<sup>th</sup> 144, 155-159 [39 Cal. Rptr.2d 54]. (www.ceres.ca.gov)
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Environmental Laboratory.
  Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual. U.S.
  Army Corps of Engineers, Wetlands Research Program
  Technical Report Y-87-1. 1987.
  (http://www.wes.army.mil/)
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. America's wetlands: our vital link between land and water. Office of Water, Office of Wetlands, Oceans and Watersheds. EPA843-K-95-001. 1995b. (www.epa.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Habitat Conservation Planning Handbook.
   Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1996.
   (endangered.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Consultation Handbook: Procedures for Conducting Consultation and Conference Activities Under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act. Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1998. (endangered.fws.gov)

- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Environmental Assessment and Land Protection Plan for the Vernal Pools Stewardship Project. Portland, Oregon. 1997.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Vernal Pools of Southern California Recovery Plan. U.S. Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Region One, Portland, Oregon, 1998. (ecos.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Birds of conservation concern 2002. Division of Migratory. 2002. (<u>migratorybirds.fws.gov</u>)

### **CULTURAL RESOURCES**

- California Health & Safety Code. §18950-18961, State Historic Building Code. (<a href="www.leginfo.ca.gov">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>)
- California Health & Safety Code. §5020-5029, Historical Resources. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §7050.5, Human Remains. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, (AB 978), 2001. (<a href="www.leginfo.ca.gov">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>)
- California Public Resources Code §5024.1, Register of Historical Resources. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5031-5033, State Landmarks. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5097-5097.6, Archaeological, Paleontological, and Historic Sites. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5097.9-5097.991, Native American Heritage. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- City of San Diego. Paleontological Guidelines. (revised) August 1998.
- County of San Diego, Local Register of Historical Resources (Ordinance 9493), 2002. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Demere, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh. Paleontological Resources San Diego County. Department of Paleontology, San Diego Natural History Museum. 1994.
- Moore, Ellen J. Fossil Mollusks of San Diego County. San Diego Society of Natural history. Occasional; Paper 15. 1968.
- U.S. Code including: American Antiquities Act (16 USC §431-433) 1906. Historic Sites, Buildings, and Antiquities Act (16 USC §461-467), 1935. Reservoir Salvage Act (16 USC §469-469c) 1960. Department of Transportation Act (49 USC §303) 1966. National Historic Preservation Act (16 USC §470 et seq.) 1966. National Environmental Policy Act (42 USC §4321) 1969. Coastal Zone Management Act (16 USC §1451) 1972. National Marine Sanctuaries Act (16 USC §1431) 1972. Archaeological and Historical Preservation Act (16 USC §469-469c) 1974. Federal Land Policy and Management Act (43 USC §35) 1976. American Indian Religious Freedom Act (42 USC §1996 and 1996a) 1978. Archaeological Resources Protection Act (16 USC §470aa-mm) 1979. Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25 USC §3001-3013) 1990. Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (23 USC §101, 109) 1991. American Battlefield Protection Act (16 USC 469k) 1996. (www4.law.cornell.edu)

#### **GEOLOGY & SOILS**

- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, California Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, Fault-Rupture Hazard Zones in California, Special Publication 42, revised 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, Special Publication 117, Guidelines for Evaluating and Mitigating Seismic Hazards in California, 1997. (<a href="https://www.consrv.ca.gov">www.consrv.ca.gov</a>)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances Title 6, Division 8, Chapter 3, Septic Ranks and Seepage Pits. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego Department of Environmental Health, Land and Water Quality Division, February 2002. On-site Wastewater Systems (Septic Systems): Permitting Process and Design Criteria. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Natural Resource Inventory, Section 3, Geology.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

### **HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS**

- American Planning Association, Zoning News, "Saving Homes from Wildfires: Regulating the Home Ignition Zone," May 2001.
- California Building Code (CBC), Seismic Requirements, Chapter 16 Section 162. (www.buildersbook.com)
- California Education Code, Section 17215 and 81033. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Government Code. § 8585-8589, Emergency Services Act. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Hazardous Waste and Substances Site List. April 1998. (<a href="https://www.dtsc.ca.gov">www.dtsc.ca.gov</a>)
- California Health & Safety Code Chapter 6.95 and §25117 and §25316. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code § 2000-2067. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §17922.2. Hazardous Buildings. (<u>www.leginfo.ca.gov</u>)
- California Public Utilities Code, SDCRAA. Public Utilities Code, Division 17, Sections 170000-170084. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Resources Agency, "OES Dam Failure Inundation Mapping and Emergency Procedures Program", 1996. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Consolidated Fire Code Health and Safety Code §13869.7, including Ordinances of the 17 Fire Protection Districts as Ratified by the San Diego County Board of Supervisors, First Edition, October 17, 2001 and Amendments to the Fire Code portion of the State Building Standards Code, 1998 Edition.

# CEQA Initial Study TPM 20985, Log No. 05-01-006

- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health Community Health Division Vector Surveillance and Control. Annual Report for Calendar Year 2002. March 2003. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health, Hazardous Materials Division. California Accidental Release Prevention Program (CalARP) Guidelines. (<a href="http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/">http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/</a>, <a href="http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/">www.oes.ca.gov/</a>)
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health, Hazardous Materials Division. Hazardous Materials Business Plan Guidelines. (<a href="https://www.sdcounty.ca.gov">www.sdcounty.ca.gov</a>)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 3, Div 5, CH. 3, Section 35.39100.030, Wildland/Urban Interface Ordinance, Ord. No.9111, 2000. (www.amlegal.com)
- Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
  Assistance Act as amended October 30, 2000, US Code,
  Title 42, Chapter 68, 5121, et seq.
  (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Operational Area Emergency Plan, March 2000.
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Operational Area Energy Shortage Response Plan, June 1995
- Uniform Building Code. (www.buildersbook.com)
- Uniform Fire Code 1997 edition published by the Western Fire Chiefs Association and the International Conference of Building Officials, and the National Fire Protection Association Standards 13 &13-D, 1996 Edition, and 13-R, 1996 Edition. (www.buildersbook.com)

## **HYDROLOGY & WATER QUALITY**

- American Planning Association, Planning Advisory Service Report Number 476 Non-point Source Pollution: A Handbook for Local Government
- California Department of Water Resources, California Water Plan Update. Sacramento: Dept. of Water Resources State of California. 1998. (rubicon.water.ca.gov)
- California Department of Water Resources, California's Groundwater Update 2003 Bulletin 118, April 2003. (www.groundwater.water.ca.gov)
- California Department of Water Resources, Water Facts, No. 8, August 2000. (<a href="https://www.dpla2.water.ca.gov">www.dpla2.water.ca.gov</a>)
- California Disaster Assistance Act. Government Code, § 8680-8692. (<a href="www.leginfo.ca.gov">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>)
- California State Water Resources Control Board, NPDES General Permit Nos. CAS000001 INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES (97-03-DWQ) and CAS000002 Construction Activities (No. 99-08-DWQ) (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- California Storm Water Quality Association, California Storm Water Best Management Practice Handbooks, 2003.
- California Water Code, Sections 10754, 13282, and 60000 et seq. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- Colorado River Basin Regional Water Quality Control Board, Region 7, Water Quality Control Plan. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Regulatory Ordinance, Title 8, Division 7, Grading Ordinance. Grading, Clearing and Watercourses. (<a href="www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>)

- County of San Diego, Groundwater Ordinance. #7994. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov, http://www.amlegal.com/,)
- County of San Diego, Project Clean Water Strategic Plan, 2002. (www.projectcleanwater.org)
- County of San Diego, Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance, Ordinance Nos. 9424 and 9426. Chapter 8, Division 7, Title 6 of the San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances and amendments. (<a href="https://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>)
- County of San Diego. Board of Supervisors Policy I-68. Diego Proposed Projects in Flood Plains with Defined Floodways. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act), 1972, Title 33, Ch.26, Sub-Ch.1. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Freeze, Allan and Cherry, John A., Groundwater, Prentice-Hall, Inc. New Jersey, 1979.
- Heath, Ralph C., Basic Ground-Water Hydrology, United States Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper; 2220, 1991.
- National Flood Insurance Act of 1968. (www.fema.gov)
- National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994. (www.fema.gov)
- Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act, California Water Code Division 7. Water Quality. (ceres.ca.gov)
- San Diego Association of Governments, Water Quality Element, Regional Growth Management Strategy, 1997. (www.sandag.org
- San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board, NPDES Permit No. CAS0108758. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board, Water Quality Control Plan for the San Diego Basin. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)

### **LAND USE & PLANNING**

- California Department of Conservation Division of Mines and Geology, Open File Report 96-04, Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego County Production Consumption Region, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Environmental Quality Act, CEQA Guidelines, 2003. (ceres.ca.gov)
- California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code 21000-21178; California Code of Regulations, Guidelines for Implementation of CEQA, Appendix G, Title 14, Chapter 3, §15000-15387. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California General Plan Glossary of Terms, 2001. (ceres.ca.gov)
- California State Mining and Geology Board, SP 51, California Surface Mining and Reclamation Policies and Procedures, January 2000. (<a href="www.consrv.ca.gov">www.consrv.ca.gov</a>)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Board of Supervisors Policy I-84: Project Facility. (<a href="www.sdcounty.ca.gov">www.sdcounty.ca.gov</a>)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-38, as amended 1989. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)

- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan as adopted and amended from September 29, 1971 to April 5, 2000. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego. Resource Protection Ordinance, compilation of Ord. Nos. 7968, 7739, 7685 and 7631. 1991.
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County.
- Guide to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) by Michael H. Remy, Tina A. Thomas, James G. Moore, and Whitman F. Manley, Point Arena, CA: Solano Press Books, 1999. (ceres.ca.gov)

### **MINERAL RESOURCES**

- National Environmental Policy Act, Title 42, 36.401 et. seq. 1969. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Subdivision Map Act, 2003. (ceres.ca.gov)
- U.S. Geologic Survey, Causey, J. Douglas, 1998, MAS/MILS Mineral Location Database.
- U.S. Geologic Survey, Frank, David G., 1999, (MRDS) Mineral Resource Data System.

#### NOISE

- California State Building Code, Part 2, Title 24, CCR, Appendix Chapter 3, Sound Transmission Control, 1988. . (www.buildersbook.com)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 3, Div 6, Chapter 4, Noise Abatement and Control, effective February 4, 1982. (<a href="www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>)
- County of San Diego General Plan, Part VIII, Noise Element, effective December 17, 1980. (ceres.ca.gov)
- Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Aviation Regulations, Part 150 Airport Noise Compatibility Planning (revised January 18, 1985). (<a href="http://www.access.gpo.gov/">http://www.access.gpo.gov/</a>)
- Harris Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment*, April 1995. (http://ntl.bts.gov/data/rail05/rail05.html)
- International Standard Organization (ISO), ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747. (www.iso.ch)
- U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway
  Administration, Office of Environment and Planning, Noise
  and Air Quality Branch. "Highway Traffic Noise Analysis
  and Abatement Policy and Guidance," Washington, D.C.,
  June 1995. (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/)

## **POPULATION & HOUSING**

- Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, 42 USC 5309, Title 42--The Public Health And Welfare, Chapter 69--Community Development, United States Congress, August 22, 1974. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- National Housing Act (Cranston-Gonzales), Title 12, Ch. 13. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- San Diego Association of Governments Population and Housing Estimates, November 2000. (<a href="www.sandag.org">www.sandag.org</a>)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000. (http://www.census.gov/)

### **RECREATION**

County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 8, Division 10, Chapter PLDO, §810.101 et seq. Park Lands Dedication Ordinance. (www.amlegal.com)

# TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC

- California Aeronautics Act, Public Utilities Code, Section 21001 et seq. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Department of Transportation, Division of Aeronautics, California Airport Land Use Planning Handbook, January 2002.
- California Department of Transportation, Environmental Program Environmental Engineering Noise, Air Quality, and Hazardous Waste Management Office. "Traffic Noise Analysis Protocol for New Highway Construction and Reconstruction Projects," October 1998. (www.dot.ca.gov)
- California Public Utilities Code, SDCRAA. Public Utilities Code, Division 17, Sections 170000-170084. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Street and Highways Code. California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Alternative Fee Schedules with Pass-By Trips Addendum to Transportation Impact Fee Reports, March 2005. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/land/pdf/TransImpactFe e/attacha.pdf)
- County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Report. January 2005. (<a href="http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/permits-forms/manuals.html">http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/permits-forms/manuals.html</a>)
- Fallbrook & Ramona Transportation Impact Fee Report, County of San Diego, January 2005. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/permitsforms/manuals.html)
- Office of Planning, Federal Transit Administration, Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment, Final Report, April 1995.
- San Diego Association of Governments, 2020 Regional Transportation Plan. Prepared by the San Diego Association of Governments. (<a href="www.sandag.org">www.sandag.org</a>)
- San Diego Association of Governments, Comprehensive Land Use Plan for Borrego Valley Airport (1986), Brown Field (1995), Fallbrook Community Airpark (1991), Gillespie Field (1989), McClellan-Palomar Airport (1994). (www.sandag.org)
- US Code of Federal Regulations, Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace, Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 77. (www.gpoaccess.gov)

## **UTILITIES & SERVICE SYSTEMS**

- California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14. Natural Resources Division, CIWMB Division 7; and Title 27, Environmental Protection Division 2, Solid Waste. (ccr.oal.ca.gov)
- California Integrated Waste Management Act. Public Resources Code, Division 30, Waste Management, Sections 40000-41956. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Board of Supervisors Policy I-78: Small Wastewater. (<u>www.sdcounty.ca.gov</u>)

- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Annex T Emergency Water Contingencies, October 1992. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973.
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000.
- US Code of Federal Regulations, Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace, Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 77.
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System.
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.

ND01-08\0501006-ISF;jcr